THE YOUNGER FUTHARK

Reyni-Hrefna (Jennifer Johnson) karstyl@gmail.com

Danish Futhark

Frey's/Freya's AEtt Natural Earth 3°

۳		þ	*	R	IY
Fé	Úr	þurs	Áss uh/ah	Reið	Kaun
f	u/y/o/oe/v	þ/ð	(nasal) later:q/oh	r	k g

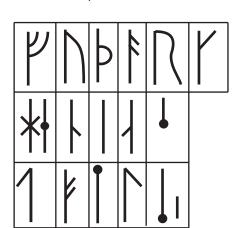
Hagall's AEtt Thor, Natural Sky

Tyr's AEtt Action of humans

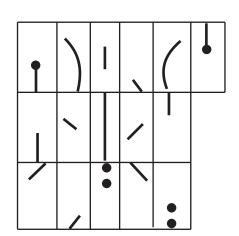
'	1111			\			
Fé	Úr	þurs	Áss uh/ah	Reið			
f	u/y/o/oe/v	þ/ð	(nasal) later:ǫ/oh	r			
*	 		1				
Hagall	Nauð	Íss	Ár	Sól			
h (g middle of word)	n	i/y e	a/ae	s/z			
↑		Ψ					
Týr	Bjarkan	Maðr	Lųgr	Ýr			
t d	b p	m	I	"R" later, Y			
Dotted runes, more common later (post viking age) starts in 10th century							

Kaun, Is and Ur the first one's to be dotted.

Short twig Swedish/ Norwegian

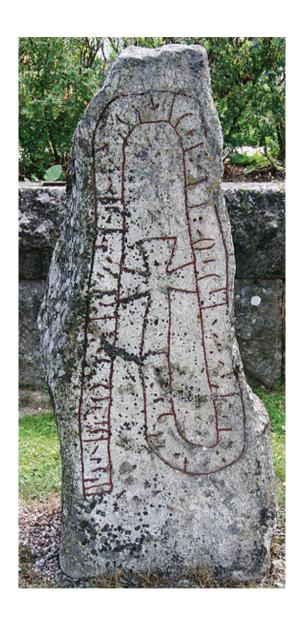


Staveless

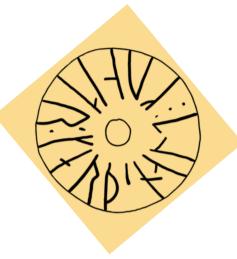




3. 'Gunnhildr made the spindle whorl.' Spindle whorl from Hoftuft farm, Aust-Agder.1000s? http://www.khm.uio.no/utstillinger2/kyss_meg/english/6_vikingtiden.html







BOUSTROPHEDON

txst nobedqortsuod fo elqmaxe sidT was written specifically for the gninrut xo sidt no elaitra aibeqidiW method of covering a wall with text erended of second seco



Ave

Really good info: http://www.arild-hauge.com/

Font: Junicode, Hnais, Gullskoen and Gullhornet Junicode and Hnais use Unicode, Gul* remaps keys Unicode: http://www.unicode.org/charts/PDF/U16A0.pdf



THE ELDER FUTHARK

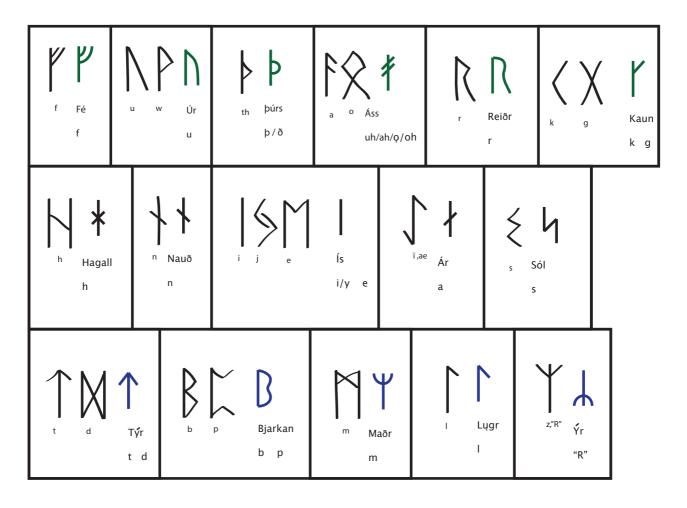
The younger futhark is the alphabet of Old Norse, the elder is the alphabet of Proto Norse Proto Norse has more vowel sounds, and is more 'elaborate' in general, so the simplification of the alphabit is a result of the changes in language.

f	u	th	a	r	k	g	w
	n	i	j	ï,ae		z,"R"	\$ \$
t	b	e	m		ng X □	d	•

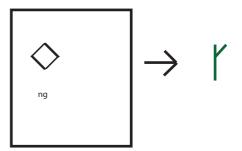


When things change,

Some things merge



Some disapear

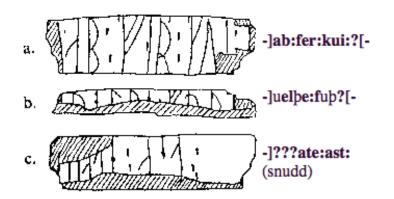




KELANDK FUTHARK

Y		þ	1	R	Image: Control of the
Fé	Úr	þúrs	Áss	Reiðr	Kaun
f	u	þ/ð	uh/ah/ǫ/oh	r	k q g
*			11	0	
Hagall	Nauð	Ís	Ár	Sól	
h	n	i/y e	a ae	S	
1 1	BK	Y			
Týr	Bjarkan	Maðr	Lųgr	Ýr	
t d	b p	m	I	y"R"	

Reykjavík 900-1000



Keep in mind that early in Iceland there was a lot of similarity to Norway, it was later that differences started to accumulate.





Rune stone, Sorunda, Södermanland, Sweden Rune stone (Sö 226) in Norra Stutby, Sorunda. The inscription says: "Björn and Vibjörn and Ramne and Kättilbjörn raised the stone in memory of Gerbjörn, their father".

Runsten (Sö 226) i Norra Stutby, Sorunda. Ristningen säger: "Björn och Vibjörn och Ramne och Kättilbjörn reste stenen efter Gerbjörn, sin fader".

References:

Jane Sibley, personal communication and classes at Pennsic

Sveinn Fjölnisson, internet communication.

Arild Hauge: http://www.arild-hauge.com

There is a lot of information on this page, including location and date specific info. There are english translations of many of the pages, but not all. There is also a lot of examples so you can see how they were used.

Erik Moltke. translated by Peter G. Foote.

Runes and Their Origin Denmark and Elsewhere. The National Museum of Denmark, Copenhagen 1992.

R.I. Page. Reading the Past, Runes. University of California Press/British Museum. Berkely. 1989.

R.I. Page. The Icelandic Rune-Poem. Viking society for northern research. London. 1999.

Scholarly articles, freely available:

Futhark: International Journal of Runic Studies

http://www.futhark-journal.com

The articles each go into one small part in detail, there is a lot of information in them.



THE KELANDIK RUNE POEM

Icelandic version & first translation: https://www.ragweedforge.com/poems.html From "Runic and Heroic Poems" by Bruce Dickins https://archive.org/details/runicandheroicpo00dickuoft Second translation & kennings and other notes in grey: RI Page major differences in the Icelandic are noted. RI Page version in () Page was looking at several versions and tried to use the concensus, so where he did not include something it was because of disagreements in different extant versions of the poem.

F er fr ndar g ok flæðar viti (ok fyrða gaman) ok grafseiðs gata aurum fylkir. / r er sk"ja gr tr ok sk ra verrir ok hirðis hatr. umbre v si fiurs er kvenna kv¹ ok kletta b' i ok varðrúnar verr. Saturnus engill. " ss er algingautr ok ásgarðs jöfurr, ok valhallar v si. Jupiter oddviti. Reið er sitjandi sæla ok snúðig ferð ok jórs erfiði. iter r sir. Kaun er barna b¹ ok bardaga [f r]

ok holdf a h's.

flagella konungr.

and fire of the sea and path of the serpent. Shower lamentation of the clouds and ruin of the hay-harvest and abomination of the shepherd. Giant torture of women and cliff-dweller and husband of a giantess. God aged Gautr and prince of Ásgarðr and lord of Vallhalla. Riding joy of the horsemen and speedy journey and toil of the steed. Ulcer

Wealth source of discord among kinsmen

disease fatal to children

and painful spot and abode of mortification. **f** is family strife and menis delight and grave-fish's path

serpent

u is cloudsí tears and hayís destroyer and herdsmanis hate

b is women's torment and crag-sweller and Valr' nís mate

Óðinn o is ancient Gautr and Asgaror's warrior-king and Vallholl's ruler

r is bliss of the seated and swift journey and horseis toil

k is children's scourge and struggle and home to putrefaction

Hail h is cold corn Hagall er kaldakorn ok krapadrífa (ok knappa drifa) and driving sleet cold grain and shower of sleet and snakesí sickness ok sn ka s tt. grando hildingr. and sickness of serpents. Nauð er Þýjar þrá Constraint n is servantís grief ok ungr kostr grief of the bond-maid and rough contidtions ok v ssamlig verk. and state of oppression and soggy toil and toilsome work. opera niflungr. ss er rb rkr Ice i is river-bark bark of rivers ok unnar, ak and waveis thatch ok feigra manna f r. and roof of the wave and trouble for the doomed glacies j furr. and destruction of the doomed. Ár er gumna góði a is men's benefits Plenty ok gott sumar boon to men and good summer algróinn akr. (missing in Page) and good summer annus allvaldr. and thriving crops. S 1 er sk"ja skj^{*} ldr Sun s is cloudsí shield ok skínandi röðull shield of the clouds and shining halo ok isa aldrtregi. (missing in Page) and shining ray rota siklingr. and destroyer of ice. T"r er einhendr ss T''rt is one-handed god ok ulfs leifar god with one hand and wolfis left-overs

ok hofa hilmir. (missing in Page) and leavings of the wolf and prince of temples. Mars tiggi. Bjarkan er laufgat lim (missing in Page)Birch **b** (leafy branch, little tree, ok l tit tr leafy twig glorious wood, blosoming tree ok ungsamligr viðr. and little tree growing wood, lovely wood) abies buðlungr. and fresh young shrub. Man Maðr er manns gaman m is manís delight ok moldar auki and earthis increase delight of man and augmentation of the earth ok skipa skreytir. and shipis painter homo mildingr. and adorner of ships. Water L^gr er vellanda vatn l is bubbling Vimur and great cauldron ok viðr ketill eddying stream ok gl^{*} mmungr grund. and broad geysir and fishes' field lacus lofðungr. and land of the fish. Ýr er bendr bogi (missing in Page) Yew **y** (bent draw of bow, ok brotgjarnt j rn bent bow brittle iron, battle-help ok f fu f rbauti. and brittle iron arrow-thrower) arcus ynglingr. and giant of the arrow.



RUNIC MANUSCRIPTS

Codex Runicus (AM 28 8vo) From about 1300

202 pages

Contains: Scanian law (from Denmark), list of Danish kings and other history, and musical notation! Believed to be nostalgic use of runes, not a common use of them.

Written by at least two people.

Used dotted runes.



http://haandskrift.ku.dk/haandskrifterne_udstilles/7-AM08-0028_opslag_stor.jpg



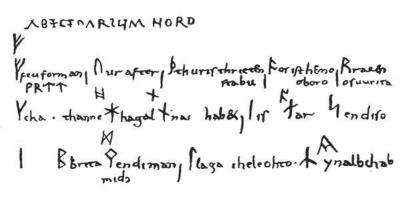
https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/Codex_Runicus#/media/File:Codex_Runicus_-_Drømde_mik_en_drøm_i_nat.jpg

Codex Sangallensis 878 From 9th Century

Mainly gramatical, alphabits, etc. Importantly, contains Abecedarium Nordmannicum



Original Abecedarium Nordmannicum, after failed attempt at concervation.



1828 copy by Wilhelm Grimm

Computus Runicus Calender from 1328 Published 1626

Available at: http://www.arild-hauge.com/computus_runicus.htm (1626 version, all pics from that site



